

# **Clinical Policy: Infliximab (Remicade), Infliximab-axxq (Avsola), Infliximab-dyyb (Inflectra, Zymfentra), and Infliximab-abda (Renflexis)**

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[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

**See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.**

## **Description**

Infliximab (Remicade<sup>®</sup>) and its biosimilars [infliximab-axxq (Avsola<sup>™</sup>), infliximab-dyyb (Inflectra<sup>®</sup>, Zymfentra<sup>®</sup>), and infliximab-abda (Renflexis<sup>™</sup>)] are tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blockers.

## **FDA Approved Indication(s)**

Remicade, Avsola, Inflectra and Renflexis are indicated for the treatment of:

- Crohn's Disease (CD):
  - Reducing signs and symptoms and inducing and maintaining clinical remission in adult patients with moderately to severely active CD who have had an inadequate response to conventional therapy
  - Reducing the number of draining enterocutaneous and rectovaginal fistulas and maintaining fistula closure in adult patients with fistulizing CD
- Pediatric CD:
  - Reducing signs and symptoms and inducing and maintaining clinical remission in pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with moderately to severely active CD who have had an inadequate response to conventional therapy
- Ulcerative Colitis (UC):
  - Reducing signs and symptoms, inducing and maintaining clinical remission and mucosal healing, and eliminating corticosteroid use in adult patients with moderately to severely active UC who have had an inadequate response to conventional therapy
- Pediatric UC:
  - Reducing signs and symptoms and inducing and maintaining clinical remission in pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with moderately to severely active UC who have had an inadequate response to conventional therapy
- Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA):
  - Reducing signs and symptoms, inhibiting the progression of structural damage, and improving physical function in patients with moderately to severely active RA, in combination with methotrexate (MTX)
- Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS):
  - Reducing signs and symptoms in patients with active AS
- Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA):
  - Reducing signs and symptoms of active arthritis, inhibiting the progression of structural damage, and improving physical function in patients with PsA

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

### **Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

- Plaque Psoriasis (PsO):
  - Treatment of adult patients with chronic severe (i.e., extensive and/or disabling) PsO who are candidates for systemic therapy and when other systemic therapies are medically less appropriate. Infliximab should only be administered to patients who will be closely monitored and have regular follow-up visits with a physician

Zymfentra is indicated for the treatment of:

- Moderate to severely active UC following treatment with an infliximab product administered intravenously
- Moderate to severely active CD following treatment with an infliximab product administered intravenously

#### **Policy/Criteria**

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.*

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that Remicade, Avsola, Inflectra, Renflexis, and Zymfentra are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### **I. Initial Approval Criteria**

##### **A. Ankylosing Spondylitis (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of AS;
2. Request is for Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, or Renflexis;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
4. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
5. Failure of at least TWO non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) at up to maximally indicated doses, each used for  $\geq$  4 weeks unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
6. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq$  3 consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
8. Dose does not exceed 5 mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

##### **B. Crohn's Disease (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of CD;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
3. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis: Age  $\geq$  6 years;
  - b. Zymfentra: Age  $\geq$  18 years;
4. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Failure of a  $\geq$  3 consecutive month trial of at least ONE immunomodulator (e.g., azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine [6-MP], MTX) at up to maximally indicated

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

### **Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

- doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
- b. Medical justification supports inability to use immunomodulators (*see Appendix E*);
  - 5. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq 3$  consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
  - 6. If request is for Zymfentra, provider attestation that member meets both of the following (a and b, *see Appendix D*):
    - a. Has received three IV induction doses of an infliximab product prior to initiation;
    - b. Member is responding positively to an IV infliximab product;
  - 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
  - 8. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
    - a. Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis, IV: 5 mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*);
    - b. Zymfentra, SC: 120 mg every 2 weeks starting at week 10.

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**C. Plaque Psoriasis (must meet all):**

- 1. Diagnosis of chronic-severe PsO as evidenced by involvement of one of the following (a or b):
  - a.  $\geq 10\%$  of total body surface area;
  - b. Hands, feet, scalp, face, or genital area;
- 2. Request is for Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, or Renflexis;
- 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or rheumatologist;
- 4. Age  $\geq 18$  years;
- 5. Member meets one of the following (a, b, or c):
  - a. Failure of a  $\geq 3$  consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses;
  - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (*see Appendix D*), and failure of a  $\geq 3$  consecutive month trial of cyclosporine or acitretin at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or both are contraindicated;
  - c. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX, cyclosporine, and acitretin, and failure of phototherapy, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 6. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq 3$  consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 8. Dose does not exceed 5 mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

**Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

**D. Psoriatic Arthritis (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of PsA;
2. Request is for Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, or Renflexis;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or rheumatologist;
4. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
5. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq$  3 consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
7. Dose does not exceed 5 mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**E. Rheumatoid Arthritis (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of RA per American College of Rheumatology (ACR) criteria (*see Appendix H*);
2. Request is for Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, or Renflexis;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
4. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Failure of a  $\geq$  3 consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses;
  - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (*see Appendix D*), and failure of a  $\geq$  3 consecutive month trial of at least ONE conventional disease-modifying antirheumatic drug [DMARD] (e.g., sulfasalazine, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
6. Documentation of one of the following baseline assessment scores (a or b):
  - a. Clinical disease activity index (CDAI) score (*see Appendix I*);
  - b. Routine assessment of patient index data 3 (RAPID3) score (*see Appendix J*);
7. Prescribed concomitantly with MTX, or another DMARD if intolerance or contraindication to MTX;
8. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq$  3 consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
9. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
10. Dose does not exceed 3 mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**F. Ulcerative Colitis (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of UC;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

### **Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

3. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis: Age  $\geq$  6 years;
  - b. Zymfentra: Age  $\geq$  18 years;
4. Documentation of a Mayo Score  $\geq$  6 (*see Appendix F*);
5. Failure of an 8-week trial of systemic corticosteroids, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq$  3 consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. If request is for Zymfentra, provider attestation that member meets both of the following (a and b, *see Appendix D*):
  - a. Has received three IV induction doses of an infliximab product prior to initiation;
  - b. Member is responding positively to an IV infliximab product;
8. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
9. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis, IV: 5 mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*);
  - b. Zymfentra, SC: 120 mg every 2 weeks starting at week 10.

**Approval duration: 6 months**

#### **G. Kawasaki Disease (off-label) (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of Kawasaki disease;
2. Request is for Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, or Renflexis;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist, allergist, immunologist, infectious disease specialist, or rheumatologist;
4. Age  $\geq$  6 years;
5. Failure of immune globulin (*Gammagard is preferred*), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq$  3 consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
8. Dose does not exceed a single infusion of 5 mg/kg given over 2 hours (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*).

**Approval duration: 4 weeks (one time approval)**

#### **H. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet all):**

1. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq$  3 consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
2. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
  - a. For drugs on the PDL, the no coverage criteria policy: CP.PMN.255; or

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

### **Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

- b. For drugs NOT on the PDL, the non-formulary policy: CP.PMN.16; or
3. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 2 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy: CP.PMN.53.

## **II. Continued Therapy**

### **A. Kawasaki Disease (off-label) (must meet all):**

1. Re-authorization is not permitted. Members must meet the initial approval criteria.  
**Approval duration: Not applicable**

### **B. All Other Indications in Section I (must meet all):**

1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
  - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (*refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B*);
2. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. For rheumatoid arthritis: member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by one of the following (i or ii):
    - i. A decrease in CDAI (*see Appendix I*) or RAPID3 (*see Appendix J*) score from baseline;
    - ii. Medical justification stating inability to conduct CDAI re-assessment, and submission of RAPID3 score associated with disease severity that is similar to initial CDAI assessment or improved;
  - b. For all other indications: Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq 3$  consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
4. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
5. If request is for a dose increase, new regimen does not exceed one of the following (*see Appendix G for dose rounding guidelines*) (a, b, c, d, or e):
  - a. CD (i or ii):
    - i. Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis, IV (1 or 2):
      - 1) 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks;
      - 2) 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks, if age  $\geq 18$  years and documentation supports inadequate response to current dose;
    - ii. Zymfentra, SC (both 1 and 2):
      - 1) Age  $\geq 18$  years:
      - 2) 120 mg every 2 weeks;
  - b. UC (i or ii):
    - i. Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis, IV: 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks;
    - ii. Zymfentra, SC (both 1 and 2):
      - 1) Age  $\geq 18$  years:
      - 2) 120 mg every 2 weeks;

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

### **Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

- c. PsA, PsO: 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks;
- d. RA (i or ii):
  - i. 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks;
  - ii. If the request is for an increase in dose or dosing frequency (*dose and frequency should not be increased simultaneously*) from the current regimen, regimen does not exceed 10 mg/kg and/or every 4 weeks, and documentation supports both of the following (a and b):
    - a) Member has had an inadequate response to adherent use of Avsola/Remicade/Inflectra/Renflexis concurrently with MTX or another DMARD;
    - b) One of the following (1 or 2):
      - 1) Current dosing frequency is every 8 weeks: member has received at least 4 doses (14 weeks of total therapy) of Avsola/Remicade/Inflectra/Renflexis;
      - 2) Current dosing frequency is < every 8 weeks: member has received at least 2 doses of Avsola/Remicade/Inflectra/Renflexis at the current dosing frequency;
- e. AS: 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks.

**Approval duration: 12 months (If new dosing regimen, approve for 6 months)**

#### **C. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet all):**

- 1. Trial and failure of one or more preferred products, used for  $\geq 3$  consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 2. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
  - a. For drugs on the PDL, the no coverage criteria policy: CP.PMN.255; or
  - b. For drugs NOT on the PDL, the non-formulary policy: CP.PMN.16; or
- 3. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 2 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy: CP.PMN.53.

#### **III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:**

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 or evidence of coverage documents;
- B. Combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) or potent immunosuppressants, including but not limited to any tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonists [e.g., Cimzia<sup>®</sup>, Enbrel<sup>®</sup>, Humira<sup>®</sup> and its biosimilars, Simponi<sup>®</sup>, Avsola<sup>™</sup>, Inflectra<sup>™</sup>, Remicade<sup>®</sup>, Renflexis<sup>™</sup>, Zymfentra<sup>®</sup>], interleukin agents [e.g., Arcalyst<sup>®</sup> (IL-1 blocker), Ilaris<sup>®</sup> (IL-1 blocker), Kineret<sup>®</sup> (IL-1RA), Actemra<sup>®</sup> (IL-6RA), Tofidone<sup>™</sup> (IL-6RA), Kevzara<sup>®</sup> (IL-6RA), Stelara<sup>®</sup> (IL-12/23 inhibitor), Bimzelx<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A/F inhibitor), Cosentyx<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A inhibitor), Taltz<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A inhibitor), Siliq<sup>™</sup> (IL-17RA), Ilumya<sup>™</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor), Skyrizi<sup>™</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor), Tremfya<sup>®</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor)], Janus kinase inhibitors (JAKi) [e.g., Xeljanz<sup>®</sup>/Xeljanz<sup>®</sup> XR, Cibinqo<sup>™</sup>, Olumiant<sup>™</sup>, Rinvoq<sup>™</sup>], anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies [Rituxan<sup>®</sup>, Riabni<sup>™</sup>, Ruxience<sup>™</sup>, Truxima<sup>®</sup>, Rituxan

## CLINICAL POLICY

### Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda

Hycela<sup>®</sup>], selective co-stimulation modulators [Orencia<sup>®</sup>], and integrin receptor antagonists [Entyvio<sup>®</sup>] because of the additive immunosuppression, increased risk of neutropenia, as well as increased risk of serious infections.

#### IV. Appendices/General Information

##### Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

6-MP: 6-mercaptopurine

AS: ankylosing spondylitis

CD: Crohn's disease

DMARD: disease-modifying antirheumatic drug

GI: gastrointestinal

IV: intravenous

JAKi: Janus kinase inhibitors

MTX: methotrexate

NSAID: non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug

PsA: psoriatic arthritis

PsO: psoriasis

RA: rheumatoid arthritis

SC: subcutaneous

TNF: tumor necrosis factor

UC: ulcerative colitis

##### Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

| Drug Name  | Dosing Regimen  | Dose Limit/<br>Maximum Dose |
|--|---|-----------------------------|
| acitretin<br>(Soriatane <sup>®</sup> )                       | <b>PsO</b><br>25 or 50 mg PO QD   | 50 mg/day                   |
| azathioprine<br>(Azasan <sup>®</sup> , Imuran <sup>®</sup> ) | <b>RA</b><br>1 mg/kg/day PO QD or divided BID<br><br><b>CD*</b><br>1.5 – 2.5 mg/kg/day PO   | 2.5 mg/kg/day               |
| corticosteroids  | <b>CD*</b><br>prednisone 40 mg – 60 mg PO QD for 1 to 2 weeks, then taper daily dose by 5 mg weekly until 20 mg PO QD, and then continue with 2.5 – 5 mg decrements weekly or IV 50 – 100 mg Q6H for 1 week<br><br>budesonide (Entocort EC <sup>®</sup> ) 6-9 mg PO QD<br><br><i>Pediatric:</i><br>Prednisone 1 to 2 mg/kg/day PO QD<br><br><b>UC*</b><br><i>Adult:</i> | Various                     |

## CLINICAL POLICY

Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda

| Drug Name   | Dosing Regimen  | Dose Limit/<br>Maximum Dose |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
|   | <p>Prednisone 40 mg – 60 mg PO QD, then taper dose by 5 to 10 mg/week</p> <p>Budesonide (Uceris®) 9 mg PO QAM for up to 8 weeks</p> <p><i>Pediatric:</i><br/>Prednisone 1 to 2 mg/kg/day PO QD</p>                          |                             |
| Cuprimine®<br>(d-penicillamine)   | <p><b>RA*</b></p> <p><u>Initial dose:</u><br/>125 or 250 mg PO QD</p> <p><u>Maintenance dose:</u><br/>500 – 750 mg/day PO QD</p>  | 1,500 mg/day                |
| cyclosporine<br>(Sandimmune®,<br>Neoral®)   | <p><b>PsO</b><br/>2.5 – 4 mg/kg/day PO divided BID</p> <p><b>RA</b><br/>2.5 – 4 mg/kg/day PO divided BID</p>  | 4 mg/kg/day                 |
| hydroxychloroquine<br>(Plaquenil®)  | <p><b>RA*</b></p> <p><u>Initial dose:</u><br/>400 – 600 mg/day PO QD</p> <p><u>Maintenance dose:</u><br/>200 – 400 mg/day PO QD</p>   | 600 mg/day                  |
| leflunomide<br>(Arava®)   | <p><b>RA</b></p> <p><u>Initial dose (for low risk hepatotoxicity or myelosuppression):</u><br/>100 mg PO QD for 3 days</p> <p><u>Maintenance dose:</u><br/>20 mg PO QD</p>  | 20 mg/day                   |
| 6-mercaptopurine<br>(Purixan®)  | <p><b>CD*</b><br/>50 mg PO QD or 0.75 – 1.5 mg/kg/day PO</p>  | 1.5 mg/kg/day               |
| methotrexate<br>(Trexall®,<br>Otrexup™,<br>Rasuvo®,<br>RediTrex®,<br>Rheumatrex®) | <p><b>CD*</b><br/>15 – 25 mg/week IM or SC</p> <p><b>PsO</b><br/>10 to 25 mg/week IM, SC or PO or 2.5 mg PO Q12 hr for 3 doses/week</p> <p><b>RA</b><br/>7.5 mg/week PO, SC, or IM or 2.5 mg PO Q12 hr for 3 doses/week</p> | 30 mg/week                  |
| NSAIDs (e.g.,<br>indomethacin,  | <b>AS</b><br>Varies   | Varies                      |

## CLINICAL POLICY

Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda

| Drug Name                             | Dosing Regimen  | Dose Limit/<br>Maximum Dose |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| ibuprofen,<br>naproxen,<br>celecoxib) |   |                             |
| Pentasa®<br>(mesalamine)              | <b>CD, UC</b><br>1,000 mg PO QID  | 4 g/day                     |
| Ridaura®<br>(auranofin)               | <b>RA</b><br>6 mg PO QD or 3 mg PO BID  | 9 mg/day (3 mg TID)         |
| sulfasalazine<br>(Azulfidine®)        | <b>RA</b><br><u>Initial dose:</u><br>500 mg to 1,000 mg PO QD for the first week. Increase the daily dose by 500 mg each week up to a maintenance dose of 2 g/day.<br><u>Maintenance dose:</u><br>2 g/day PO in divided doses | RA: 3 g/day<br>UC: 4 g/day  |
| tacrolimus<br>(Prograf®)              | <b>CD*</b><br>0.27 mg/kg/day PO in divided doses or<br>0.15 – 0.29 mg/kg/day PO<br><br><b>PsO</b><br>0.05 – 0.15 mg/kg/day PO   | N/A                         |
| Immune globulin<br>(e.g., Gammagard®) | <b>Kawasaki disease</b><br>Varies based on formulation  | Varies based on formulation |

*Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.*

\*Off-label

### Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
  - Doses > 5 mg/kg in patients with moderate-to-severe heart failure (*Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, and Renflexis only*)
  - Re-administration to patients who have experienced a severe hypersensitivity reaction to infliximab products (*Renflexis only*)
  - Known hypersensitivity to inactive components of the product or to any murine proteins
- Boxed warning(s):
  - Serious infections
  - Malignancy

### Appendix D: General Information

- Definition of failure of MTX or DMARDs

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

### **Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

- Child-bearing age is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. Each drug has risks in pregnancy. An educated patient and family planning would allow use of MTX in patients who have no intention of immediate pregnancy.
- Social use of alcohol is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. MTX may only be contraindicated if patients choose to drink over 14 units of alcohol per week. However, excessive alcohol drinking can lead to worsening of the condition, so patients who are serious about clinical response to therapy should refrain from excessive alcohol consumption.
- Examples of positive response to therapy may include, but are not limited to:
  - Reduction in joint pain/swelling/tenderness
  - Improvement in ESR/CRP levels
  - Improvements in activities of daily living
- Infliximab used in the treatment of unspecified iridocyclitis (anterior uveitis) has primarily been evaluated in case reports and uncontrolled case series. One phase II clinical trial by Suhler and associates (2009) reported the 2-year follow-up data of patients with refractory uveitis treated with intravenous infliximab as part of a prospective clinical trial. Their 1-year data, published in 2005 (Suhler, 2005) reported reasonable initial success, but an unexpectedly high incidence of adverse events. Of their 23 patients, 7 developed serious adverse events, including 3 thromboses, 1 malignancy, 1 new onset of congestive heart failure, and 2 cases of drug-induced lupus. The American Optometric Association anterior uveitis clinical practice guidelines recommend alternative therapies that include ophthalmic corticosteroids (e.g., prednisolone, dexamethasone, fluoromethalone) and anticholinergics (e.g., atropine, cyclopentolate, homatropine). If the disease has not responded to topical therapy, oral corticosteroids can be considered.
- Zymfentra is indicated as maintenance treatment only, starting at week 10 and thereafter. All patients must complete an intravenous induction regimen with an infliximab product before starting Zymfentra. To switch patients who are responding to maintenance therapy with an infliximab product administered intravenously, administer the first subcutaneous dose of Zymfentra in place of the next scheduled intravenous infusion and every two weeks thereafter.

#### *Appendix E: Immunomodulator Medical Justification*

- The following may be considered for medical justification supporting inability to use an immunomodulator for Crohn's disease:
  - Inability to induce short-term symptomatic remission with a 3-month trial of systemic glucocorticoids
  - High-risk factors for intestinal complications may include:
    - Initial extensive ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal GI involvement
    - Initial extensive perianal/severe rectal disease
    - Fistulizing disease (e.g., perianal, enterocutaneous, and rectovaginal fistulas)
    - Deep ulcerations
    - Penetrating, stricturing or stenosis disease and/or phenotype
    - Intestinal obstruction or abscess
  - High risk factors for postoperative recurrence may include:
    - Less than 10 years duration between time of diagnosis and surgery

## CLINICAL POLICY

### Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda

- Disease location in the ileum and colon
- Perianal fistula
- Prior history of surgical resection
- Use of corticosteroids prior to surgery

#### Appendix F: Mayo Score

- Mayo Score: evaluates ulcerative colitis stage, based on four parameters: stool frequency, rectal bleeding, endoscopic evaluation and Physician's global assessment. Each parameter of the score ranges from zero (normal or inactive disease) to 3 (severe activity) with an overall score of 12.

| Score  | Decoding          |
|--------|-------------------|
| 0 – 2  | Remission         |
| 3 – 5  | Mild activity     |
| 6 – 10 | Moderate activity |
| >10    | Severe activity   |

#### Appendix G: Dose Rounding Guidelines

| Weight-based Dose Range | Vial Quantity Recommendation |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| ≤ 104.99 mg             | 1 vial of 100 mg/20 mL       |
| 105 to 209.99 mg        | 2 vials of 100 mg/20 mL      |
| 210 to 314.99 mg        | 3 vials of 100 mg/20 mL      |
| 315 to 419.99 mg        | 4 vials of 100 mg/20 mL      |
| 420 to 524.99 mg        | 5 vials of 100 mg/20 mL      |
| 525 to 629.99 mg        | 6 vials of 100 mg/20 mL      |
| 630 to 734.99 mg        | 7 vials of 100 mg/20 mL      |
| 735 to 839.99 mg        | 8 vials of 100 mg/20 mL      |

#### Appendix H: The 2010 ACR Classification Criteria for RA

Add score of categories A through D; a score of  $\geq 6$  out of 10 is needed for classification of a patient as having definite RA.

| A | Joint involvement   | Score |
|---|---|-------|
|   | 1 large joint   | 0     |
|   | 2-10 large joints   | 1     |
|   | 1-3 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)                          | 2     |
|   | 4-10 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)                         | 3     |
|   | > 10 joints (at least one small joint)  | 5     |
| B | Serology (at least one test result is needed for classification)                        |       |
|   | Negative rheumatoid factor (RF) and negative anti-citrullinated protein antibody (ACPA) | 0     |
|   | Low positive RF or low positive ACPA<br>* Low: $< 3 \times$ upper limit of normal       | 2     |
|   | High positive RF or high positive ACPA<br>* High: $\geq 3 \times$ upper limit of normal | 3     |
| C | Acute phase reactants (at least one test result is needed for classification)           |       |

## CLINICAL POLICY

Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda

| B | Serology (at least one test result is needed for classification)                        |   |
|---|---|---|
|   | Negative rheumatoid factor (RF) and negative anti-citrullinated protein antibody (ACPA) | 0 |
|   | Low positive RF or low positive ACPA<br>* Low: < 3 x upper limit of normal              | 2 |
|   | High positive RF or high positive ACPA<br>* High: ≥ 3 x upper limit of normal           | 3 |
|   | Normal C-reactive protein (CRP) and normal erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR)         | 0 |
|   | Abnormal CRP or abnormal ESR  | 1 |
| D | Duration of symptoms  |   |
|   | < 6 weeks   | 0 |
|   | ≥ 6 weeks   | 1 |

### Appendix I: Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score

The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is a composite index for assessing disease activity in RA. CDAI is based on the simple summation of the count of swollen/tender joint count of 28 joints along with patient and physician global assessment on VAS (0–10 cm) Scale for estimating disease activity. The CDAI score ranges from 0 to 76.

| CDAI Score    | Disease state interpretation |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| ≤ 2.8         | Remission                    |
| > 2.8 to ≤ 10 | Low disease activity         |
| > 10 to ≤ 22  | Moderate disease activity    |
| > 22          | High disease activity        |

### Appendix J: Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) Score

The Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) is a pooled index of the three patient-reported ACR core data set measures: function, pain, and patient global estimate of status. Each of the individual measures is scored 0 – 10, and the maximum achievable score is 30.

| RAPID3 Score | Disease state interpretation |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| ≤ 3          | Remission                    |
| 3.1 to 6     | Low disease activity         |
| 6.1 to 12    | Moderate disease activity    |
| > 12         | High disease activity        |

## V. Dosage and Administration

| Indication | Dosing Regimen  | Maximum Dose   |
|------------|---|--|
| CD, UC     | <u>Initial dose:</u><br><b>Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis:</b><br><i>Adults/Pediatrics:</i> 5 mg/kg IV at weeks 0, 2 and 6<br><u>Maintenance dose:</u><br><b>Avsola, Inflectra, Remicade, Renflexis:</b><br><i>Adults/Pediatrics:</i> 5 mg/kg IV every 8 weeks. | CD, Adults: 10 mg/kg IV every 8 weeks or 120 mg SC every 2 weeks<br>UC, Adults: 5 mg/kg IV every 8 weeks |

## CLINICAL POLICY

### Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda

| Indication | Dosing Regimen  | Maximum Dose   |
|------------|---|--|
|            | For CD: Some adult patients who initially respond to treatment may benefit from increasing the dose to 10 mg/kg if they later lose their response.<br><br><b>Zymfentra:</b><br>Adults: 120 mg SC every 2 weeks starting at week 10                            | weeks or 120 mg SC every 2 weeks<br><br>Pediatrics: 5 mg/kg IV every 8 weeks |
| PsA        | <u>Initial dose:</u><br>5 mg/kg IV at weeks 0, 2 and 6  | 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks  |
| PsO        | <u>Maintenance dose:</u><br>5 mg/kg IV every 8 weeks  |  |
| RA         | In conjunction with MTX<br><br><u>Initial dose:</u><br>3 mg/kg IV at weeks 0, 2 and 6<br><u>Maintenance dose:</u><br>3 mg/kg IV every 8 weeks<br><br>Some patients may benefit from increasing the dose up to 10 mg/kg or treating as often as every 4 weeks. | 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks   |
| AS         | <u>Initial dose:</u><br>5 mg/kg IV at weeks 0, 2 and 6<br><u>Maintenance dose:</u><br>5 mg/kg IV every 6 weeks  | 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks  |

## VI. Product Availability

| Drug Name                   | Availability  |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Infliximab (Remicade)       | Single-use vial: 100 mg/20 mL   |
| Infliximab-axxq (Avsola)    | Single-dose vial: 100 mg/20 mL  |
| Infliximab-dyyb (Inflectra) | Single-use vial: 100 mg/20 mL   |
| Infliximab-dyyb (Zymfentra) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 120 mg/mL</li><li>• Single-dose prefilled syringe with needle shield: 120 mg/mL</li><li>• Single-dose prefilled pen: 120 mg/mL</li></ul> |
| Infliximab-abda (Renflexis) | Single-use vial: 100 mg/20 mL   |

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#### **Coding Implications**

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

| HCPCS Codes | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| J1745       | Injection, infliximab, excludes biosimilar, 10 mg   |
| Q5103       | Injection, infliximab-dyyb, biosimilar, (inflectra), 10 mg  |
| Q5104       | Injection, infliximab-abda, biosimilar, (renflexis), 10 mg  |
| Q5121       | Injection, infliximab-axxq, biosimilar, (avsol), 10 mg  |
| S9359       | Home infusion therapy, anti-tumor necrosis factor intravenous therapy; (e.g., Infliximab); administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem |

| Revision       | Date  | P&T Approval Date |
|----------------|-------|-------------------|
| Policy created | 06.24 | 06.24             |

#### **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program

## **CLINICAL POLICY**

### **Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

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**Infliximab, Infliximab-axxq, Infliximab-dyyb, Infliximab-abda**

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